

WHERE TO LEARN MORE

Global strategy

- Global Malaria Action Plan 2008: (<http://www.rbm.who.int/gmap/index.html>) Provides the global strategy for controlling malaria and provides region-specific strategies for moving towards sustained control and eradication.

Malaria epidemiology and burden

- World Malaria Report 2008: (<http://www.who.int/malaria/wmr2008/malaria2008.pdf>) Tracks the progress made from 2000 to 2006-07 and provides current epidemiological information for the disease.
- World Malaria Report 2005: (<http://www.rbm.who.int/wmr2005/>) Tracks the progress made globally from 2000-2005 in malaria control and discusses current epidemiology.

Evidence summaries by interventions

- Reducing Malaria's Burden – Evidence of Effectiveness for Decision Makers: (<http://www.globalhealth.org/assets/publications/malaria.pdf>) Document prepared by the Global Health Council; summarizes effective interventions for malaria control and treatment.

Malaria and children

- Progress in Intervention Coverage UNICEF 2007: (http://www.unicef.org/health/files/MalariaOct6forweb_final.pdf) Document outlines progress made in preventing malaria in children globally and discusses future interventions targeting this vulnerable population.

Global malaria resource needs and funding strategy

- Bulletin of the World Health Organization August 2007: (<http://www.who.int/bulletin/volumes/85/8/06-039529.pdf>) Journal article that summarizes current funding gap in the fight against malaria and the financial commitment necessary to scale-up and achieve success.
- We Can't Afford To Wait: Business Case for Rapid Scale-up of Malaria Control in Africa: Prepared by Malaria No More and McKinsey & Company on behalf of Roll Back Malaria: (http://www.malarianomore.org/businesscase/012508-business_case.pdf) Provides economic evidence on the cost efficiency of scaling up quickly, rather than maintaining current funding levels.

Cost-effectiveness analysis

- Conquering Malaria. Disease Control Priorities Project: (<http://www.dcp2.org/pubs/DCP/21/FullText>) Chapter from DCP's Disease Control Priorities in Developing Countries that discusses the biological aspects of malaria, disease burden, control strategies, and cost-effectiveness analyses.
- Using Cost-Effectiveness Analysis for Setting Health Priorities. Disease Control Priorities Project: (<http://www.dcp2.org/file/150/DCPP-CostEffectiveness.pdf>) Short 4-page introduction to cost-effectiveness analysis and its use in global health; provides overview of the commonly used DALY as a health metrics unit.
- World Health Organization CHOICE project for malaria: (http://www.who.int/choice/publications/p_2005_MDG_series_Malaria.pdf) Cost-effectiveness analysis of current malaria control strategies as they relate to achieving the Millennium Development Goals set by the United Nations. Website gives analysis based on geographic region and considers packages of interventions at different coverage levels. Also provides a costing toolkit.

Cost estimation for malaria control programs

- Methodology for estimating the costs of global malaria control (2006-2015). (http://www.who.int/malaria/docs/costing/Costing_MethodologyWP.pdf) Kiszewski et al. Global Malaria Programme WHO 2007: Outlines the costing and assumptions behind WHO's Global Malaria Programme.

Monitoring and evaluation

- Global Fund to fight HIV, TB, and Malaria Toolkit: (http://www.theglobalfund.org/documents/me/M_E_Toolkit.pdf) This in-depth document outlines outcome indicators suitable for evaluating and monitoring malaria programs based on location and epidemiology of the disease.

Recent research findings

- Defining and defeating the intolerable burden of Malaria III. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene: (http://www.ajtmh.org/content/vol77/6_Suppl/) This peer-reviewed academic journal is the leader on current scientific matters related to tropical diseases. The December 2007 supplement is dedicated to malaria.

Informative Websites

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC): (<http://www.cdc.gov/malaria/>) Provides background information on malaria and its diagnosis and treatment. Information about endemic areas and travel to those areas is also included.
- Kaiser Family Foundation: Global Data on HIV/AIDS, TB, Malaria, & more: (<http://www.globalhealthfacts.org/>) Provides up-to-date information by country on people affected by malaria.
- Malaria Journal: (<http://www.malariajournal.com/>) Online academic journal that is open access; reports on scientific research, progress, case studies and more.
- Malaria No More: (<http://www.malarianomore.org/>) Advocacy organization that works to raise awareness about malaria globally.
- Roll Back Malaria: (<http://www.rbm.who.int/>) This partnership coordinates global approaches to end malaria and was launched by the WHO, UNICEF, UNDP, and World Bank in 1998. Information about global advocacy efforts, World Malaria Day, and the newly-developed Global Business Case for Malaria can be found on their website.
- World Health Organization: Malaria: (<http://www.who.int/topics/malaria/en/index.html>) Provides background information on malaria, vector control, and medical care for those infected.
- World Health Organization: Global Malaria Programme: (<http://malaria.who.int/>). Provides information on the WHO's coordinated response to malaria globally.

Malaria Maps

- Malaria Atlas Project: (<http://www.map.ox.ac.uk/index.htm>)

Email List-Servs

- Kaiser Family Foundation Weekly TB/Malaria Report: (<http://www.kff.org/profile/subscriptions.cfm>) Sign up to receive a weekly email on global stories about malaria.